





Self-Awareness & Self-Management Tools

SELF AWARENESS

- Identifying emotions
- Accurate selfperception
- Recognizing strengths
- Self-confidence
- Self-efficacy



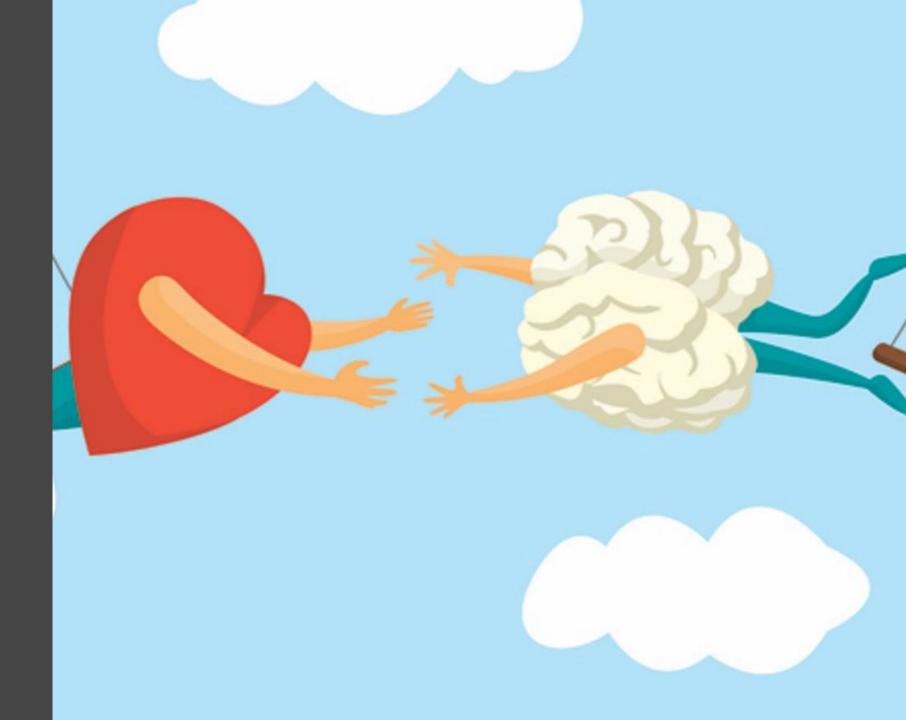
SELF-MANAGEMENT

- Impulse control
- Stress management
- Self-discipline
- Self-motivation
- Goal setting
- Organizational skills



PAIR & SHARE

What activities or lessons do you currently use that help foster Self-awareness & Self-Management?



"ANYTHING THAT'S HUMAN IS MENTIONABLE, AND ANYTHING THAT IS MENTIONABLE CAN BE MORE MANAGEABLE. WHEN WE CAN TALK ABOUT OUR FEELINGS, THEY BECOME LESS OVERWHELMING, LESS UPSETTING, AND LESS SCARY. THE PEOPLE WE TRUST WITH THAT IMPORTANT TALK CAN HELP US KNOW THAT WE ARE NOT ALONE."

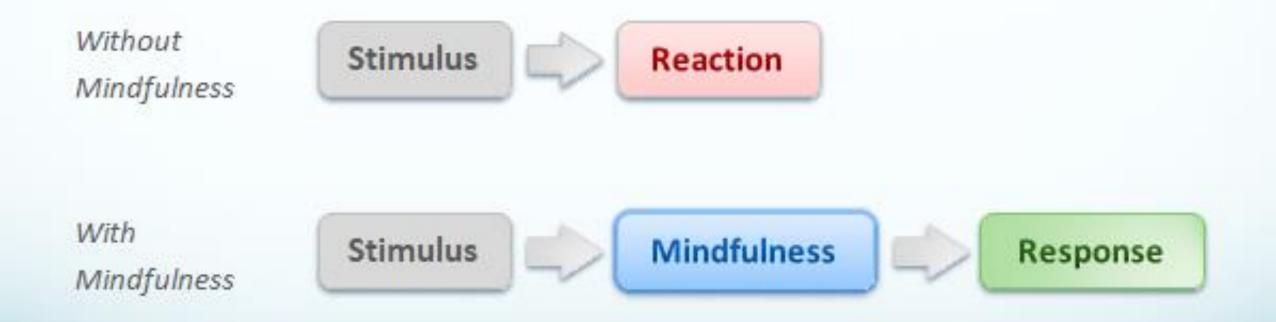
— FRED ROGERS

What is Mindfulness?

Mindfulness means maintaining a moment-by-moment awareness of our thoughts, feelings, bodily sensations, and surrounding environment, through a gentle, nurturing lens.

Mindfulness also involves acceptance, meaning that we pay attention to our thoughts and feelings without judging them—without believing, for instance, that there's a "right" or "wrong" way to think or feel in a given moment.

Mindfulness helps to create space and replace impulsive reactions with thoughtful responses.



From the Source: Teens talk about benefits of Mindfulness

"Release" by Julie Bayer Salzman (Wavecrest Films)





WHY IS THIS SO IMPORTANT?

- Suicide is the 3rd leading cause of death in children ages 10-24
- 157,000 students were treated for self inflicted injury last year
- 320 schools: 49.5% of students (13 -17) affected by at least 1 class of mental health disorder (depression, anxiety, depression, eating)
- Schools are the number one provider/support of mental health services for students



GROUNDED IN NEUROSCIENCE

- **Spinal Cord** (Wrist): collection of cells/neurons
- Brainstem (Open Palm): reptilian brain
- Limbic area (Thumb): mammalian brain (amygdala) Creates emotion.
- Cortex (Fingers): Largest part of the brain (shaped by experiences, think, reflect, manage emotions)
- **Prefrontal cortex**: (Fingernails) reflection and integration. Controls impulses, self awareness, intuition.

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5 Finger Breath (Take 5)



Benefits for Educators

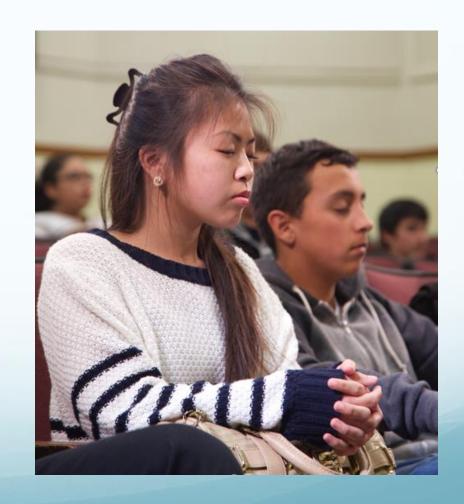
- Demonstrated reduced stressand burnout
- Reported greater **efficacy** in doing their jobs
- Had more emotionally supportive and better organized classrooms (based on independent observations)



- Meditation (Calm, Insight Timer, Headspace)
- Walking into school/drive: Set intentions
- Bell of Mindfulness -15min
- Listening to Music- Calm and upbeat
- Connecting to nature (Mindful Walk/Hike)
- Self-Compassion

Benefits for Students:

- Improved attention and executive function
- Greater social and emotional skills, including emotion regulation, behavior in school, and empathy
- Enhanced well-being, including lower test anxiety, stress, post-traumatic symptoms and depression



PRACTICES FOR STUDENTS:

- Daily Mindful Sits/Thinkitation helps to transition, reset and refocus.
- Mindful Movement: brief activities that energize, refocus and destress.
- Breathing or Visualizations (5 finger breath)
- Mindful Sensing/Walks (rainbow, 5 senses, body mechanics)



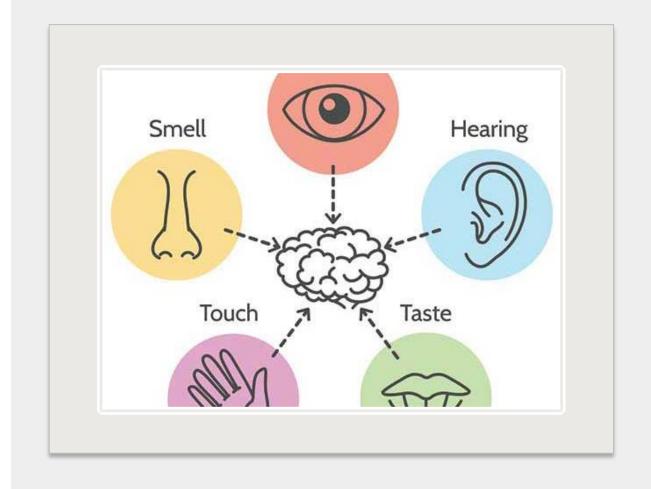


MINDFUL SIT/ANCHOR BREATH

Mindful Sensing:

George Prochnik (In Pursuit of Silence) warns that the disappearance of silent spaces is endangering our ability to obtain a reflective, active state of mind.

The peak of brain activity, of thinking, comes in the tiny pauses between sounds.



Mindful Listening Activities

The listening Game:

Take Children outside and have them close their eyes to try to really notice all the sounds around them.

Ask them: Could you hear more than usual when your attention was focused?

Did you notice certain sounds getting louder and then softer?

Listening to Music:

Play a song with different instruments and have them list what they heard.



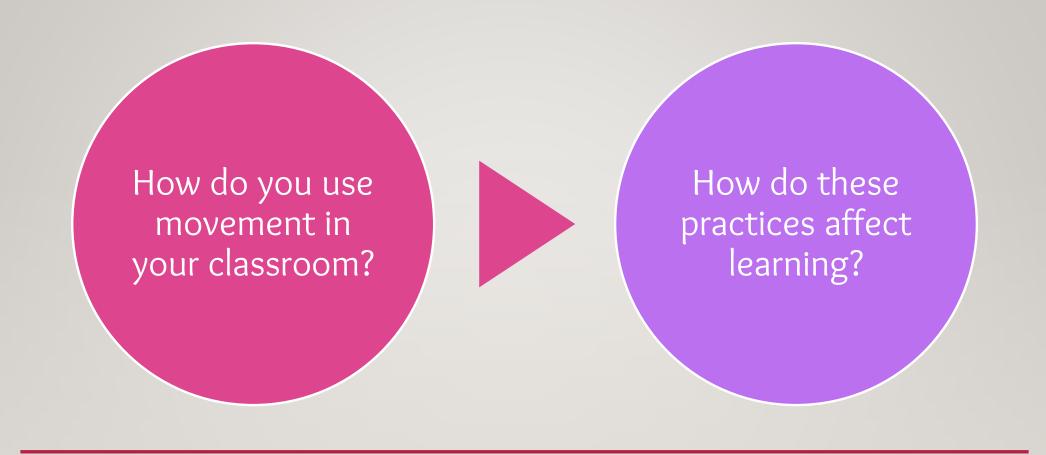


MINDFUL EATING

What did you notice about your piece of chocolate?

What flavors, textures, sensations were you aware of?





PAIR & SHARE





Mirror Mirror

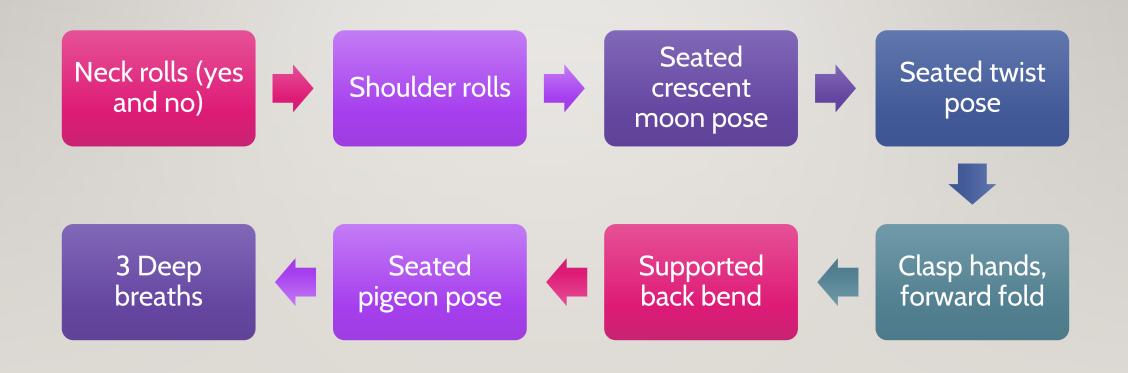
- Improves focused attention and body awareness.
- Eye contact is key to this exercise.
- When 2 people have direct eye contact, mirror neurons in our brain fire to create empathy for each other.

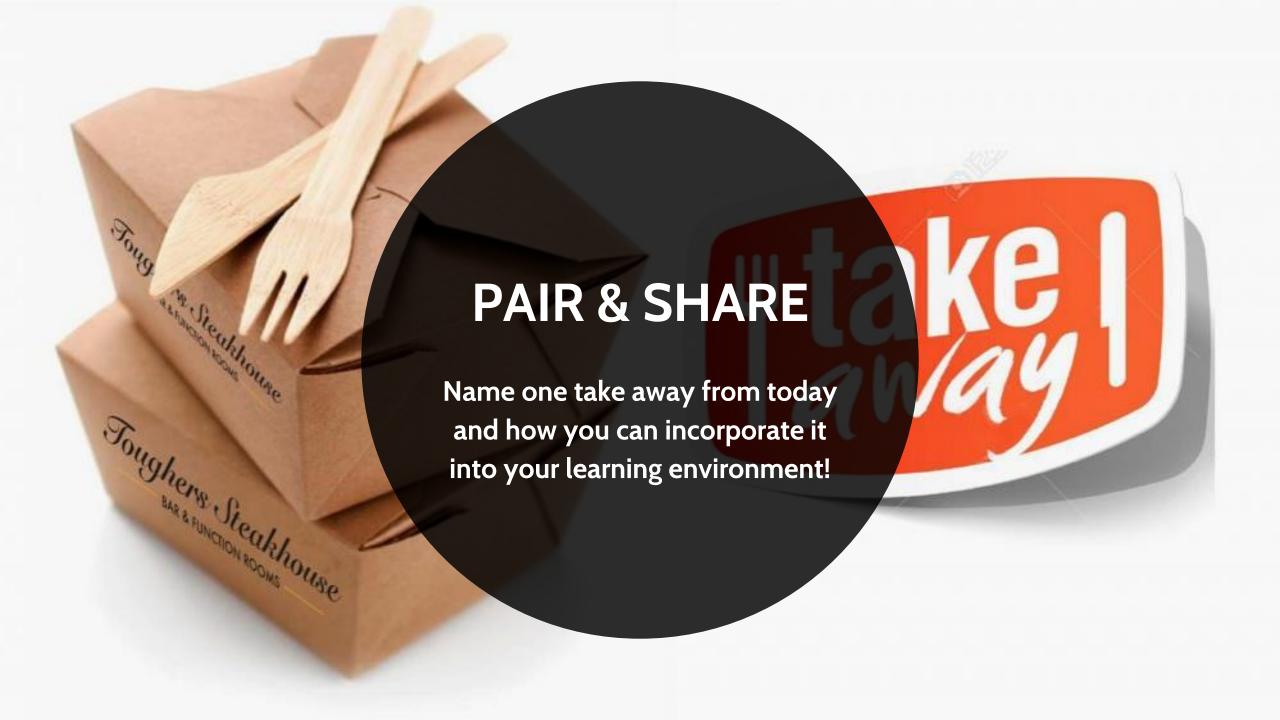
The Wave

- This creates a flow and challenges participants to pay attention to their neighbor's movements only.
- This is a great activity for processing! It involves focused attention, planning of movement and a lot of impulse control.



SEATED YOGA SEQUENCE





LOVE & KINDNESS MEDITATION



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